





Biosafety Clearing-House (BCH)

ORGANISM (ORGA)

BCH-ORGA-SCBD-12081-6

LAST UPDATED: 26 MAY 2018

Organism information

Scientific name

Agrobacterium tumefaciens

Taxonomic Classification

Kingdom Bacteria

Phylum Proteobacteria

Class Alphaproteobacteria

Order Rhizobiales
Family Rhizobiaceae
Genus Agrobacterium
Species tumefaciens

Alternate scientific name(s) (synonym(s))

Rhizobium radiobacter

Common name(s)

Agrobacterium

ΕN

Type of organism

Bacteria

Characteristics related to biosafety

Additional Information

Agrobacterium tumefaciens is a species of bacteria that causes tumors (commonly known as 'galls' or 'crown galls') in dicots. This bacterium causes crown gall by inserting a small segment of DNA (known as the T-DNA, for 'transfer DNA') into the plant cell, which is incorporated at a semi-random location into the plant genome.

A. tumefaciens is commonly used as a vector to introduce DNA carried on a plasmid into a recipient organism. The vector is 'disarmed' since it lacks the genes which encode the tumorigenic functions of A. tumefaciens. This type of vector has been used frequently for introducing new genes into plants without causing biosafety concerns: the procedures used generally ensure that no Agrobacterium remains in the regenerated transgenic plants.

ΕN

Other relevant website addresses and/or attached documents

 $\ref{eq:constraints}$ Wikipedia - Agrobacterium tumefaciens (<code>English</code>)

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Further Information

Questions about the Cartagena Protocol on Biosafety or the operation of the Biosafety Clearing-House may be directed to the Secretariat of the Convention on Biological Diversity.

Secretariat of the Convention on Biological Diversity

413 rue Saint-Jacques, suite 800 Montreal, Québec, H2Y 1N9 Canada

Fax: +1 514 288-6588 Email: secretariat@cbd.int