





Biosafety Clearing-House (BCH)

ENETIC ELEMENT (GENE)	BCH-GENE-SCBD-48364-
	LAST UPDATED: 15 FEB 202
General information	
Name of genetic element	
Acetohydroxyacid synthase gene	EN
Alternate genetic element name(s) (synonym(s))	
Acetolactate synthase gene (ALS)	EN
Abbreviation	
CS-ahas-MAIZE	EN
Category	
Protein coding sequence	
Is this genetic element a synthetic molecule?	
Νο	
Donor organism	
Donor organism(s)	
BCH-ORGA-SCBD-246-6 ORGANISM ZEA MAYS (MAIZE, CORN, MAIZE) Crops	

Characteristics of the protein coding sequence

Name of the protein expressed by the coding sequence	
Acetohydroxyacid synthase	EN
Biological function of the protein	
The acetolactate synthase enzyme (ALS) plays a key role in the biochemical pathways of the branched-chain amino acids leucine, isoleucine and valine. The application of ALS-inhibiting herbicides blocks this synthesis pathway. Lack of the aforementioned amino acids interferes with protein synthesis, causing the plant to die off.This gene encodes a modified acetolactate synthase, which confers tolerance to several acetolactate synthase-inhibiting herbicides such as, for example, sulfonylurea.	EN

Related trait(s) or use(s) in biotechnology

Additional Information

Other relevant website addresses and/or attached documents

? Sequence of two acetohydroxyacid synthase genes from Zea mays (*English*)

? Acetohydroxyacid Synthase.pdf (English)

BCH-GENE-SCBD-48364-5

Further Information

Questions about the Cartagena Protocol on Biosafety or the operation of the Biosafety Clearing-House may be directed to the Secretariat of the Convention on Biological Diversity. Secretariat of the Convention on Biological Diversity 413 rue Saint-Jacques, suite 800 Montreal, Québec, H2Y 1N9 Canada Fax: +1 514 288-6588 Email: secretariat@cbd.int