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EN

Biosafety Clearing-House (BCH)

GENETIC ELEMENT (GENE)	BCH-GENE-SCBD-14974-7
	LAST UPDATED: 23 FEB 2021
General information	
Name of genetic element	
Barstar	EN
Abbreviation	
CS-barstar-BACAM	EN
Category	
Protein coding sequence	
Is this genetic element a synthetic molecule?	
No	
Donor organism	
Donor organism(s)	
BCH-ORGA-SCBD-12122-6 ORGANISM BACILLUS AMYLOLIG	UEFACIENS (BACAM)

Bacteria

Characteristics of the protein coding sequence

Name of the protein expressed by the coding sequence

barstar ribonuclease inhibitor

Biological function of the protein

The barstar gene from *Bacillus amyloliquefaciens* encodes a specific ribonuclease inhibitor (barstar enzyme) expressed only in the tapetum cells of the pollen sac during anther development.

The barstar enzyme specifically inhibits barnase RNAse. Together, the barnase RNAse and the barstar form a very stable one-to-one complex, in which the RNAse is inactivated. As a result, when pollen from the restorer line is crossed to the male sterile line, the resultant progeny express the RNAse inhibitor in the tapetum cells of the anthers allowing hybrid plants to develop normal anthers and restore fertility.

Also, the barstar gene may be used to prevent the barnase RNAse from disrupting the

development of bacteria in which the introduced DNA was prepared during the transformation process.

Related trait(s) or use(s) in biotechnology

Changes in physiology and/or production Reproduction

Fertility restoration

Additional Information

Other relevant website addresses and/or attached documents

? Barstar- Wikipedia (English)

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Further Information

Questions about the Cartagena Protocol on Biosafety or the operation of the Biosafety Clearing-House may be directed to the Secretariat of the Convention on Biological Diversity. Secretariat of the Convention on Biological Diversity 413 rue Saint-Jacques, suite 800 Montreal, Québec, H2Y 1N9 Canada Fax: +1 514 288-6588 Email: secretariat@cbd.int